Audited Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports September 30, 2019 and 2018

September 30, 2019 and 2018

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BREAZEALE, SAUNDERS & O'NEIL, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Commissioners Jackson Municipal Airport Authority:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express

no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability and pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of passenger facility charges – cash basis is

Jackson Municipal Airport Authority Page three

presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The historical schedule of selected financial data, and schedule of budgeted vs. actual revenues and expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the preceding paragraph are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2020, on our consideration of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brance, Sounders ; O'new un

Jackson, Mississippi April 28, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of the Jackson-Medgar Wiley Evers International Airport and Hawkins Field Airport is to provide an understanding of the basic financial statements of the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority ("the Authority") for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2019 BUDGET

The budgeted amounts compared to actual operating results are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year 2019</u>	Budget	Actual
Operating revenues	\$ 17,931,270	18,509,252
Operating expenses	15,088,021	15,098,701
Operating income before depreciation and unfunded portion of pension expense	2,843,249	3,410,551
Depreciation expense Unfunded portion of pension expense	7,576,656	7,596,685 <u>1,029,702</u>
Operating loss	(4,733,407)	(5,215,836)
Net non-operating income (expense)	4,083,097	4,480,604
Loss before capital grant contributions	\$ <u>(650,310</u>)	(<u>735,232)</u>

Actual operating revenue exceeded budget by \$577,982 or 3% and was primarily due realizing the full effect of the landing fee increase approved in June 2018 from \$2.99 to \$3.54 per thousand pounds. Additionally, Parking Revenue and Rental Car Concessions increased by a total of \$188,338 and \$141,742 respectively, primarily due to an increase in enplanements of 15.2%.

Actual operating expenses before depreciation and unfunded pension exceeded budget by \$10,680. For the year, Services were over budget by \$386,961 or 11% which was primarily due

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

to overspending for consulting. However, this increase in spending was netted against reductions in other major expense categories.

Actual Net Non-Operating Income (Expense), in comparison to the budget, was \$397,507 or 10%. This increase was primarily due to completion of construction projects which were eligible for federal reimbursement as well as increases in Passenger Facility Charges and Customer Facility Charges.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial reporting package consists of four parts - the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The report is guided by accounting and reporting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The basic financial statements consist of the following: statements of net position that include the Airport's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. Following the financial statements is a section of supplementary information, which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. For readers of the financial statements, it should be noted that, with certain limited exceptions, Authority monies are restricted by bond ordinances and Federal Aviation Administration regulations for use at the Airport. Airport net revenues (essentially operating revenues less operating expenses other than depreciation and the unfunded portion of pension expense) are largely determined by permits with airlines and agreements with concessionaires and other tenants.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

NET POSITION

The statements of net position present the financial position of the Authority at the end of the fiscal year and includes all its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position represents the difference between total assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. A summarized comparison of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>FY2019</u>	<u>FY2018</u>	<u>FY2017</u>
Assets			
Current Assets	\$22,751,201	\$18,494,108	\$17,912,386
Property, Plant, and Equipment, net	123,914,634	117,320,350	113,154,015
Other Noncurrent Assets	28,469,175	29,634,923	33,201,285
Total assets	175,135,010	165,449,381	164,267,686
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Deferred Outflows - Debt Refunding	292,999	326,363	397,237
Deferred Outflows - Pension	1,080,476	1,718,007	1,973,852
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,373,475	2,044,370	2,371,089
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	9,738,267	7,651,145	5,480,562
Noncurrent Liabilities - Long-term debt, net	28,065,000	29,935,000	33,468,947
Net Unfunded Pension Liabilities	15,794,073	15,621,353	14,682,446
Total liabilities	53,597,340	53,207,498	53,631,955
			»
Deferred Inflow of Resources	1 0 1 0 0 7 0		(20.082
Deferred Inflows – Unearned revenue	1,210,972	667,268	639,082
Deferred Inflows - Pension	734,981	515,530	689,245
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,945,953	1,182,798	1,328,327
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	88,639,349	82,291,971	76,767,249
Restricted	30,678,147	31,520,655	34,816,328
Unrestricted	1,647,696	(709,171)	94,916
Total net position	\$120,965,192	\$113,103,455	\$111,678,493

For FY 2019, as compared to FY 2018, total assets increased by \$9,685,629 or 6% due to increases in current assets and property, plant and equipment, net offset by a reduction in other noncurrent assets.

For FY 2019, as compared to FY 2018, total liabilities experienced a reduction of \$389,842 which was primarily due to an increase in the pension liability and current liabilities offset by a

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

reduction in non-current long-term debt, net and unearned revenue. Additionally, for FY 2018 the \$3,533,947 or 11% reduction long-term debt, net of current maturities was primarily due to the legal defeasance of JMAA's 2005C Bond Series combined with annual debt payments for the 2015 and 2017 Bond Series.

For FY 2019 as compared to FY 2018, Net Position increased by \$7,861,737 or 7%. The 2019 increase was due to an increase in capital assets, net of related debt netted against a reduction in restricted assets and unrestricted assets.

FY2017

214,857

\$16,994,083

\$6,305,595

7,852,831

2,500,012

\$16,834,757

176,319

Revenue Classifications	FY2019	<u>FY2018</u>
Aviation	\$6,895,990	\$6,366,853
Non-Aviation	8,693,608	7,940,116
Concessions	2,674,464	2,472,257

Operating Revenues

Total Operating Revenue

Services

The table above presents the major operating revenue classifications for FY 2019 compared to FY 2018 and FY 2017. For FY 2019, as compared to FY 2018, total operating revenue increased by \$1,515,169 or 9%. Total operating revenue experienced an increase of \$159,326 in FY 2018 as compared to FY 2017.

245,190

\$18,509,252

In FY 2019, Aviation Income increased by \$529,137 or 8% and primarily due to an offset in revenue from 2018 and 2017. In FY 2018, Aviation Income experienced a reduction of \$61,258 as compared to FY 2017.

In FY 2019, Non-Aviation Income increased by \$753,492 or 9% due to an increase in parking garage revenue. This increase in revenues stems from an incremental parking fee assessment which was implemented in FY 2018. In FY2018, Non-Aviation Income increased by \$87,285.

In FY 2019, Concessions Income experienced an increase in revenue of \$202,207 or 8%, primarily from rental car concessions. In FY 2018, Concessions Income decreased by \$27,755 as a direct result of the food and beverage concessionaires not being fully operable on both concourses.

In FY 2019, Services Income increased by \$30,333 or 14% due to an increase in the ground transportation for the Transportation Network Companies (Uber and Lyft). In FY 2018, Services Income increased by \$38,538 or 22% and was primarily due to an increase in the annual parking

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

rate for tenant employees combined with a full year of revenue reporting from the Transportation Network Companies "TNCs" (Uber and Lyft).

Expense Classifications	<u>FY2019</u>	FY2018	FY2017
Board	\$155,888	\$110,333	\$130,640
Building	1,614,781	1,711,159	1,492,050
Employee	8,459,659	8,788,351	8,976,851
Equipment	287,315	471,726	507,816
Miscellaneous	2,600	4,127	13,000
Services	4,012,031	3,609,465	3,544,759
Supplies	566,427	574,210	556,398
Total Operating Expenses			
before depreciation and	\$15,098,701	\$15,269,371	\$15,221,514
unfunded portion of pension			
expense			

Operating Expenses

The table above presents the major expense classifications for FY 2019 compared to FY 2018 and FY 2017. The total operating expenses before depreciation and the unfunded portion of pension expense for FY 2019 decreased by \$170,670 or 1%. For FY 2018, operating expenses increased \$47,857 as compared to FY 2017.

For FY 2019, Building Expenses decreased by \$96,378 or 6% primarily due to in repairs and maintenance as well as utility expense. The FY 2018 increase of \$219,109 or 15% in Building Expenses was primarily due to a terminal enhancement project replacing carpet on the east and west concourses combined with increased electrical utility fees.

For FY 2019, Employee Expenses experienced a reduction of \$328,692 or 4%, as compared to FY 2018, due to reductions in salaries and related benefits. Employee Expenses decreased by \$188,500 in FY 2018 which resulted from decreases in overtime, dues and registrations, training, etc. combined with an increase in contra salaries related to capital projects.

For FY 2019, Service Expenses increased by \$402,566 or 11% due to increase in consulting fees. For FY 2018, the increase in Service Expenses was the result of an energized development plan for various projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)

Actual Net Non-Operating Income (Expense), in comparison to the budget, was \$397,507 or 10%. This increase was primarily due to completion of construction projects which were eligible for federal reimbursement as well as increases in Passenger Facility Charges, and Customer Facility Charges. In FY 2018, Net Non-Operating Income (Expense) experienced a reduction of \$912,633 or 27%.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Authority's capital assets as of September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, amounted to \$120,965,192, \$113,103,455, and \$111,678,493 (net of accumulated depreciation) respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, facilities, facility improvements, equipment, furniture and fixtures and construction in progress.

Capital asset acquisitions are capitalized at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method. The Authority funds capital assets with passenger facility charges, customer facility charges, federal and state grants, net revenues and various bond issues. Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of September 30, 2019, the Authority had outstanding revenue bonds of \$29,935,000 which are listed below:

Description	<u>Amount</u>
Series 2017A	\$3,870,000
Series 2017B	4,390,000
Series 2015A	13,820,000
Series 2015B	7,855,000

OTHER ITEMS

Airline Rates and Charges

Rates and charges are calculated on an annual basis and are subject to change during the year. Included in the rates and charges calculations are specific rebates of debt service coverage.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

Rates/Charges	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017
Terminal Rent Rates	\$79.88	\$78.39	\$76.49
Landing Fee (per 1,000 lbs.)	\$3.54	\$2.99/3.54*	\$2.99
*Landing fee increased from \$2.99 to \$3.54 per thou	isand nounds effective 6/1/2	018	

*Landing fee increased from \$2.99 to \$3.54 per thousand pounds effective 6/1/2018.

Operating and Capital Grants and Reimbursements

In FY 2019 and FY 2018 respectively, the Authority recognized grant revenue of \$8,535,763 and \$5,2829,235 from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and \$61,205 and \$723,777 from the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT). Funds from the FAA and MDOT were to offset costs of capital projects.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the funds it receives and expends. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Arnetrius Branson, Chief Financial Officer, Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, Post Office Box 98109, Jackson, MS 39298-8109. Information of interest may also be obtained on the Authority's website at <u>www.jmaa.com</u>.

Statements of Net Position

September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,022,130	14,122,530
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	2,353,347	1,885,732
Accounts receivable	1,462,663	802,269
Governmental grants receivable	3,711,191	1,466,061
Other	201,870	217,516
Total current assets	22,751,201	18,494,108
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - non-current	28,060,045	29,106,174
Restricted passenger facility charges receivable	194,206	348,844
Restricted customer facility charges receivable	214,924	179,905
Property, plant and equipment, net	123,914,634	117,320,350
Total assets	175,135,010	165,449,381
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - debt refunding	292,999	326,363
Deferred outflows - pension	1,080,476	1,718,007
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,373,475	2,044,370
Combined assets and deferred outflows of resources	176,508,485	167,493,751

Statements of Net Position September 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019	2018
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:	•	1.050.000	1 200 000
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	1,870,000	1,380,000
Accounts payable		5,764,268	4,274,316
Contract retainage payable		872,606	805,493
Accrued expenses		1,231,393	1,191,336
Total current liabilities		9,738,267	7,651,145
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		28,065,000	29,935,000
Net unfunded pension liability		15,794,073	15,621,353
Total liabilities		53,597,340	53,207,498
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows - pension		734,981	515,530
Deferred inflows - unearned revenues		1,210,972	667,268
			2. <u></u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,945,953	1,182,798
Combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		55,543,293	54,390,296
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		88,639,349	82,291,971
Restricted		30,678,147	31,520,655
Unrestricted		1,647,696	(709,171)
Total net position	\$	120,965,192	113,103,455

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating revenues:		
Aviation	\$ 6,895,990	6,366,853
Non-aviation	8,693,608	7,940,116
Concessions	2,674,464	2,472,257
Services	245,190	214,857
Total operating revenues	18,509,252	16,994,083
Operating expenses:		
Board expenses	155,888	110,333
Building expenses	1,614,781	1,711,159
Employee expenses	8,459,659	8,788,351
Equipment expenses	287,315	471,726
Miscellaneous expenses	2,600	4,127
Services	4,012,031	3,609,465
Supplies	566,427	574,210
Total operating expenses, before depreciation		
and unfunded portion of pension expense	15,098,701	15,269,371
Operating income, before depreciation		
and unfunded portion of pension expense	3,410,551	1,724,712
Depreciation expense	7,596,685	8,290,866
Unfunded portion of pension expense	1,029,702	1,021,037
Total operating expenses	23,725,088	_24,581,274
Operating loss	(5,215,836)	(7,587,191)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Non-operating income (expense):		
Passenger facility charges, restricted	\$ 2,509,246	2,154,273
Customer facility charges, restricted	2,238,537	2,029,330
Interest expense	(863,173)	(971,759)
Loss on defeasance of debt	-	(358,445)
Loss on disposal of assets	(174,598)	(1,008,576)
Interest income	548,384	357,512
Asset seizures	1,032	-
Other	221,176	256,806
Net non-operating income (expense)	4,480,604	2,459,141
Loss before capital grant contributions	(735,232)	(5,128,050)
Capital governmental grant contributions	8,596,969	6,553,012
Change in net position	7,861,737	1,424,962
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	113,354,916	111,779,901
Prior period adjustment	(251,461)	(101,408)
Net position - beginning, adjusted	113,103,455	111,678,493
Net position - ending	\$ 120,965,192	113,103,455

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 18,385,219	17,150,704
Cash paid for payroll expenses	(9,132,901)	(8,465,168)
Cash paid for other operating expenses	(5,887,249)	(6,779,187)
Net cash flows from operating activities	3,365,069	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Asset seizures	(29,968)	10,100
Expense reimbursements	258,376	256,206
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities	228,408	266,306
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Capital grants received	6,351,839	6,696,737
Passenger facility charges collected	2,663,884	2,121,864
Customer facility charges collected	2,203,518	2,031,042
Defeasance of capital debt	19 1	(2,502,840)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,380,000)	(1,120,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(843,363)	(856,229)
Capital asset expenditures	(12,817,653)	(11,840,092)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	/ 	57,387
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(3,821,775)	(5,412,131)
Cash flows from investing activities - Receipt of interest	549,384	357,512
Change in cash and cash equivalents	321,086	(2,881,964)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	45,114,436	47,996,400
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 45,435,522	45,114,436

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash flows		
from operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (5,215,836)	(7,587,191)
Depreciation expense	7,596,685	8,290,866
Net effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(876,409)	(11,518)
Other current assets	15,789	(11,068)
Deferred outflows - pension	637,531	255,845
Accounts payable, net of capital items	9,151	241,521
Accrued expenses	53,611	(55,384)
Net unfunded pension liability	172,720	938,907
Deferred inflows - pension	219,451	(173,715)
Deferred inflows - unearned revenues	752,376	18,086
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 3,365,069	1,906,349
Presentation of cash and cash equivalents - end of year on the statements of net position:		
Cash and cash equivalents - current	\$ 15,022,130	14,122,530
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	2,353,347	1,885,732
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - non-current	28,060,045	29,106,174
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 45,435,522	45,114,436

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of significant accounting policies for Jackson Municipal Airport Authority (the Authority) follows:

(a) Organization and Nature of Operations

The Authority operates two airports in the Jackson, Mississippi, metropolitan area, the Jackson-Medgar Wiley Evers International Airport (JAN) and the Hawkins Field Airport. The Authority, created in 1960 as a component unit of the City of Jackson, Mississippi, is governed by five (5) commissioners appointed by the Mayor of Jackson and confirmed by the Jackson City Council to serve staggered terms of five (5) years each. The Commissioners are responsible for planning, development, and operation of the Hawkins Field Airport and JAN. Substantially all of the Authority's business activity is with customers in the transportation industry.

(b) **Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus**

The Authority is accounted for as an enterprise fund and presents its financial statements in accordance with the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments; GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus; and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Disclosures.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Mississippi law allows governmental entities to invest in collateralized bank deposits, Federal securities, or securities issued by other Mississippi governmental entities. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers restricted cash and all short-term debt securities purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(d) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at year-end. Differences between the amount due and the

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

(d) Accounts Receivable (Continued)

amount management expects to collect are reported in the results of operations of the year in which those differences are determined, with an offsetting entry to a valuation allowance for trade accounts receivable. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to trade accounts receivable. The valuation allowance was \$0 at both September 30, 2019 and 2018.

(e) <u>Property</u>, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost. Interest expense, net of income earned on construction bond proceeds, is capitalized during construction on those capital projects paid for from the bond proceeds and is amortized over the depreciable life of the related assets on a straight-line basis. No interest was capitalized in 2019 or 2018.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is not provided for construction-in-progress until such time as the assets are placed into service.

(f) <u>Income Taxes</u>

The Authority is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

(g) Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. The Authority's deferred outflows relate to debt refunding, which are being amortized over the life of the debt, and its net pension liability, which are being amortized over the estimated average remaining service life.

(h) <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

(h) Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

then. The Authorities deferred inflows relate to its net pension liability, which are being amortized over the estimated average remaining service life, and unearned rental revenues received or due in advance, which are being amortized over the term of the lease.

(i) Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(j) <u>Presentation of Sales Tax</u>

The State of Mississippi imposes a sales tax of 7% on the Authority's parking revenues. The Authority collects the sales tax from customers and remits the entire amount to the State. The Authority's accounting policy is to exclude the tax collected and remitted to the State from both revenues and expenses.

(k) Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through April 28, 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

(I) **Restricted Assets**

Assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, and grantor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. When both restricted and unrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(m) <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to pensions and pension expense/expenditures, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's pension plans with the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi ("PERS") and the additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(n) <u>New Accounting Standard</u>

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which substantially changes accounting and financial reporting related to lease agreements. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The Authority has significant leasing activities as a lessor. The impact of implementation of this new standard on the financial statements has not been determined. The statement will be effective for the Authority's 2021 financial statements.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash - Bank Deposits

The carrying amount of the Authority's total cash deposits with financial institutions (including restricted cash) at September 30, 2019 and 2018, was \$42,919,729 and \$43,046,767, respectively, and the bank balance was \$42,963,622 and \$44,128,450, respectively. Collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

this program, the State Treasurer monitors collateralization of the entity's funds. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depositary Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Authority's total cash equivalents, which are restricted for repayment of debt or use of debt proceeds, at September 30, 2019 and 2018, was \$2,515,793 and \$2,067,669, respectively. The Authority's cash equivalents, which are invested in mutual funds which invest in U.S. Treasury securities, are not covered by FDIC insurance.

(3) **Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents**

A summary of restricted cash and cash equivalents follows:

Description		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Short-term:	ሰ	2 220 020	1 007 100
Debt interest and principal payments Asset seizure funds - State	\$	2,320,029 <u>33,318</u>	1,827,123
Total short-term	\$	<u>2,353,347</u>	1,885,732
Long-term:			
Passenger facility charges (PFC)		12,628,758	15,298,768
Customer facility charges (CFC)		10,766,747	9,375,471
Unused proceeds of bond issues		195,764	240,546
Restricted for capital projects		421,924	414,296
Cash reserve restricted by bond indenture		4,046,852	3,777,093
Total long-term	\$	28,060,045	<u>29,106,174</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(4) Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

A summary of property, plant and equipment, net follows:

Description	Balance Sept. 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	<u>Adjustments</u>	Balance Sept. 30, 2019
Land	\$ 4,622,050	-	-	-	4,622,050
Land improvements	119,069,160	-	(32,618)	1,451,272	120,487,814
Buildings	118,811,974	=	(=)	20. II.I.I.	118,811,974
Utility systems	9,485,394	=	(±)	21	9,485,394
Furniture, fixtures & equip.	12,902,521	475,690	(101,005)	957,238	14,234,444
Construction in progress	_28,595,370	14,064,767		(2,725,379)	39,934,758
Total	293,486,469	14,540,457	(133,623)	(316,869)	307,576,434
Accumulated depreciation	(176,166,119)	(7,596,685)	101,004		(183,661,800)
Net property, plant and equipment	<u>\$117,320,350</u>	<u>6,943,772</u>	_32,619)	<u>(316,869)</u>	123,914,634
	Balance				Balance
Description	Balance <u>Sept. 30, 2017</u>	Additions	Deletions	<u>Adjustments</u>	Balance Sept. 30, 2018
<u>Description</u> Land		Additions	Deletions -		<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050
Land Land improvements	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778			3,321,382	<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160
Land Land improvements Buildings	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778 117,130,099				<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160 118,811,974
Land Land improvements Buildings Utility systems	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778 117,130,099 9,485,394	7	(436,287)	3,321,382 2,118,162	<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160 118,811,974 9,485,394
Land Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Furniture, fixtures & equip.	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778 117,130,099 9,485,394 13,040,509			3,321,382 2,118,162 429,748	<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160 118,811,974 9,485,394 12,902,521
Land Land improvements Buildings Utility systems	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778 117,130,099 9,485,394	7	(436,287)	3,321,382 2,118,162	<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160 118,811,974 9,485,394 12,902,521
Land Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Furniture, fixtures & equip.	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778 117,130,099 9,485,394 13,040,509		(436,287) (758,272)	3,321,382 2,118,162 429,748	<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160 118,811,974 9,485,394 12,902,521 <u>28,595,370</u>
Land Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Furniture, fixtures & equip. Construction in progress	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 4,622,050 115,747,778 117,130,099 9,485,394 13,040,509 _22,197,431	- - 190,536 13,330,949	(436,287) - (758,272)	3,321,382 2,118,162 429,748 (6.933.010)	<u>Sept. 30, 2018</u> 4,622,050 119,069,160 118,811,974 9,485,394 12,902,521 <u>28,595,370</u>

Depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, was \$7,596,685 and \$8,290,866, respectively. The Authority wrote off cancelled construction projects totaling \$316,869 and \$1,063,718, respectively, in the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(4) Property, Plant and Equipment, Net (Continued)

The Authority has committed approximately \$10,300,000 to future construction projects as of September 30, 2019. These projects are expected to be substantially completed within two (2) years from September 30, 2019 and will primarily be financed with grant and PFC funds.

The Authority is dependent on continued Federal and State grants and PFC funds to fund a majority of its capital projects.

(5) Long-term Debt

A summary of long-term debt follows:

Description	<u>2019</u>	2018
2018 Series A Authority Revenue Bonds maturing in October 2026; interest rate 2.60%	\$ 3,870,000	3,985,000
2018 Series B Authority Revenue Bonds maturing in October 2027; interest rate 2.75%	4,390,000	4,685,000
2015 Series A Authority Revenue Bonds maturing in October 2031; interest rates from 1.21% to 3.09%	13,820,000	14,790,000
2015 Series B Authority Revenue Bonds maturing in October 2035; interest rates from 3.12% to 3.27%	7,855,000	_7,855,000
Total long-term debt	29,935,000	31,315,000
Less current maturities	(1,870,000)	(1,380,000)
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ 28.065.000	<u>29,935,000</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(5) Long-term Debt (Continued)

In July 2018, the Authority advance refunded \$2,155,000 of the outstanding 2015 Series C Authority Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.90% to 5.15%. The Authority purchased U.S. government securities at a cost of \$2,421,860, of which \$1,865,370 was funded with restricted CFC cash. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the refunded Series C Authority Revenue Bonds. As a result, the Series C Authority Revenue Bonds are considered defeased, and the Authority has removed the liability from its accounts. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds at September 30, 2019 is \$1,985,000.

The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$328,904. This resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$7,201.

The Revenue Bonds are collateralized by and will be payable from the net revenues of the Authority, as well as from PFC revenues of the Authority. The 2015A Revenue Bonds are also partially collateralized by and payable from CFC revenues of the Authority. The indentures do not constitute a mortgage on any of the physical properties of the Authority. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the Authority within the meaning of the Mississippi Constitution.

Principal repayments of debt were \$1,380,000 and \$1,120,000 in the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. A schedule of future maturities of long-term debt follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 1,870,000	604,036
2021	1,905,000	583,977
2022	1,950,000	562,099
2023	1,995,000	538,644
2024	2,050,000	512,973
2025-2029	9,445,000	2,108,596
2030-2034	7,240,000	1,165,398
2035-2036	_3,480,000	<u> 114,2</u> 65
Total	\$ 29,935,000	6,189,988

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) <u>Pension Plan</u>

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The Authority contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS).

PERS is a defined benefit cost-sharing plan administered by the PERS System that provides retirement benefits to all eligible employees. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees including officials of the State of Mississippi (the State), state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts, and other public employees whose employers have elected to participate. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the System's Board of Trustees. Members and employers are statutorily required to contribute certain percentages of salaries and wages as specified by the Board of Trustees. Current rates are 17.40% for employer contributions (15.75% for contributions prior to June 30, 2019) and 9.00% for members. The Authority's contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$940,564 and \$940,985, respectively.

A member who terminates employment from all covered employers and who is not eligible to receive monthly retirement benefits may request a full refund of his or her accumulated member contributions plus interest. Upon withdrawal of contributions, a member forfeits service credit represented by those contributions. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5% for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits yest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary.

A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0% of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0% compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. § 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The PERS plan financial report is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Public Employees' Retirement System available at www.PERS.ms.gov.

Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority reported a liability of \$15,794,073 and \$15,621,353, respectively for its proportional share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all pension plan participants. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority's proportion was 0.089780% and 0.093918%, respectively.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018, actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Description	Assumptions
Inflation	2.75% (3.00% in 2018)
Salary increases	3.00 (3.25 in 2018) – 18.50%, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) Pension Plan (Continued)

Description

Assumptions |

Investment rate of return

7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for 2019 were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy. Mortality rates for 2018 were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males' rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuations was determined by an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018 based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Broad	27.00%	4.90%
International equity	22.00	4.75
Global equity	12.00	5.00
Fixed income	20.00	1.50
Real estate	10.00	4.00

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>	
Private equity Cash	8.00 <u>1.00</u>	6.25 0.25	
Total	100.00%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

Description	1% <u>Decrease</u>	Current Discount <u>Rate</u>	1% <u>Increase</u>
June 30, 2019, net pension liability	\$ <u>20,761,857</u>	<u>15,794,073</u>	<u>11,693,614</u>
June 30, 2018, net pension liability	\$ <u>20,568,840</u>	15.621,353	<u>11,509,339</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority recognized pension

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

expense of \$1,970,266 and \$1,959,019, respectively. The following presents a summary of changes in the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Balance Sept. 30, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance Sept. 30, 2019
Deferred outflows of resources:			f:	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 234,496	267,392	(234,496)	267,392
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportionate share of	59,606	-	(49,834)	9,772
net pension liability Changes in assumptions	1,415,236 <u>8,669</u>	207,710	(766,734) (61,570)	648,503 154,809
changes in assumptions	0,002	201,110		10 1000
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1.718.007	<u>475,102</u>	(1,112,633)	1,080.476
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Changes in proportionate share of net pension liability Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and	\$ 50,063 7,199	688,272	(233,114) (7,199)	505,221
actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan	61,929		(45,204)	16,725
investments	396,339	(360,540)	177,236	_213,035
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ <u>_515,530</u>	_327,732	<u>(108,281)</u>	<u>_734,981</u>
	Balance			Balance
	Sept. 30, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Sept. 30, 2018
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Differences between expected and	\$ 233,701	234,496	(233,701)	234,496
actual experience Changes in proportionate share of	188,613	20,062	(149,069)	59,606
net pension liability	1,252,059	929,911	(766,734)	1,415,236
Changes in assumptions	299,479	-	(290,810)	8,669
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>1,973,852</u>	1,184,469	(1,440,314)	<u>1,718.007</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) Pension Plan (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	Sept. 30, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Sept. 30, 2018
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Changes in proportionate share of				
net pension liability	\$ 247,511	-	(197,448)	50,063
Changes in assumptions	22,196	-	(14,997)	7,199
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	107,134	-	(45,205)	61,929
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on plan				
investments	312,404	351,253	<u>(267,318)</u>	396,339
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ <u>_689,245</u>	351,253	<u>(524,968</u>)	_515,530
	200			

\$267,392 reported as deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2019, resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 291,609
2021 2022	(190,338) (95,277)
2023	_72,109
Total	\$ _78,103

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority reported a payable of \$200,060 and \$185,949, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the years then ended.

Employees of the Authority may also elect to contribute to a Section 457 tax-deferred defined contribution retirement plan administered by PERS. The Authority's matching contributions to this plan for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$125,623 and \$139,975, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(7) <u>Net Position</u>

A summary of restricted net position follows:

Description	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Debt interest and principal payments Passenger facility charges (PFC)	\$ 2,320,029 12,822,964 10,837,296	1,827,123 15,647,612 9,555,376
Customer facility charges (CFC) Unused proceeds of bond issues Restricted for capital projects	195,764 421,924	240,546 414,296
Cash reserve restricted by bond indenture Public safety	4,046,852	3,777,093 <u>58,609</u>
Total restricted net position	\$ 30,678,147	<u>31,520,655</u>

(8) **Operating Lease Revenues**

Substantially all buildings and improvements, except for the parking facility, of the Authority are leased to third parties through operating leases. Many of these leases provide for the payment of contingent amounts based on revenues. A summary of future minimum rental revenue to be received based on operating leases in effect at September 30, 2019, follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Future Minimum <u>Rental Revenues</u>
2020	\$ 4,767,224
2021	3,936,552
2022	3,902,068
2023	3,637,311
2024	937,269
2025-2029	3,741,647
2030-2034	1,586,338
2035-2039	446,838
2040-2044	457,327
2045-2049	320,485
2050-2054	320,485

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(8) **Operating Lease Revenues (Continued)**

Year Ending September 30,	Future Minimum <u>Rental Revenues</u>
2055-2059	320,485
2060-2064	263,881
2065-2069	35,053
Total	\$ <u>24,672,963</u>

(9) <u>Passenger Facility Charges</u>

Under Part 158 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) granted public agencies controlling commercial service airports the authority to impose passenger facility charges (PFC) of up to \$4.50 per enplaned passenger, to be used towards the cost of predetermined capital and operating projects and debt service on those projects. These projects and debt service have been approved by the FAA and the participating airlines. The Authority is currently authorized to impose PFC charges of \$4.50 per enplaned passenger and is authorized to collect \$95,217,497 in connection with specific PFC projects, of which \$57,967,758 has been collected, and \$45,339,001 expended, as of September 30, 2019.

(10) <u>Customer Facility Charges</u>

The Authority has reached agreements with its automobile rental concessionaires whereby the Authority collects a customer facility charge (CFC) of \$5.00 for each vehicle rental day. Use of the CFC revenues is restricted to expansion of the parking garage at JAN and other construction projects (including related debt service) for the benefit of the Authority's automobile rental concessionaires and to offset increases in rental rates charged by the Authority to the concessionaires.

(11) Prior Period Adjustment

In 2019, the Authority discovered that it had overbilled airlines for three leases during the 2016 though 2019 fiscal years. The 2018 financial statements have been restated to

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(11) Prior Period Adjustment (Continued)

reflect a reduction in non-aviation revenues of \$150,053 and beginning net assets of \$101,408, and an increase in accounts payable of \$251,461. The 2019 financial statements include an account payable to the airlines of \$343,027 related to these overbillings.

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

The Authority is exposed to risks of loss of property and to general liability claims incidental to its operations. The Authority manages these risks by purchasing commercial insurance.

During the 2016 Mississippi legislative session, Section 61-3-6 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, was passed and signed into law. This law would create a new Jackson Metropolitan Area Airport Authority that would manage JAN and the Hawkins Field Airport. A suit has been filed in US District Court challenging the validity of this law. The City of Jackson and the Authority have both intervened in this suit to challenge the validity of this law. Regarding the lawsuit, pursuant to the December 12, 2016 Court order, the Governor and Lieutenant Governor will maintain the status quo by not naming or officially appointing anyone to the new Jackson Metropolitan Area Airport Authority until such time as the Court renders a decision on the merits (or as otherwise ordered by the Court) or until after ninety (90) days written notice is given by the Governor and Lieutenant Governor to the Authority and the Court of their intent to do otherwise. Further, in its June 6, 2016 Notice of Policy on Evaluating Disputed Changes of Sponsorship at Federally Obligated Airports, the FAA stated that "only the FAA has the authority to determine sponsor eligibility, approve and formally change airport sponsorship, and approve and issue a new Airport Operating Certificate pursuant to 14 CFR part 139." The FAA further stated in that June 6, 2016 Notice: "In matters in which a proposed change is contested by a current sponsor or operator, the FAA will not act on a part 139 application or a change of airport sponsorship and/or operating authority until the dispute is definitively resolved to the satisfaction of the FAA."

The Authority has experienced significant delays and multiple disputes in its construction project to rehabilitate and repave the West Runway at JMWEIA. The most significant disputes are as follows:

• The prime contractor has not completed the contract within the contracted deadline, adjusted for unforeseeable conditions. The Authority has withheld a total of \$692,500 in liquidated damages from payment applications through

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

(12) <u>Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)</u>

September 30, 2019, as well as an additional \$198,284 due to other disputed items. However, the prime contractor does not agree that liquidated damages applies. The resolution of these disputes is unknown.

• A change order of approximately \$2,800,000 was required due to additional quantities of asphalt required to bring the runway to the contract specifications. The Authority is paying this change order but has reserved its rights to attempt to recover this amount from the project engineer and/or prime contractor.

(13) <u>Subsequent Event</u>

In March 2020, the President declared a national state of emergency due to the coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic. This event, and the response to it, has caused a decline exceeding 90% in enplaned/deplaned passengers beginning in mid-March. This has caused significant declines in virtually all of the Authority's revenue sources. The Authority has responded by cutting some expenses and is considering further cuts if necessary. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act signed into law in March 2020, allocates approximately \$8,500,000 in economic relief to Jackson-Medgar Wiley Evers International Airport. The ongoing effects of this pandemic on the Authority's operations and finances is unknown at this time.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi

Last 10 Fiscal Years - *

Year Ended June 30, 2019 2018 2015 2014 2017 2016 JMAA's proportion of the net pension liability 0.088324% 0.078357% 0.089780% 0.093918% 0.080705% 0.084670% JMAA's proportionate share of the net pension liability 15.621.353 14,682,447 13,996,517 12,475.387 10,272,702 \$ 15.794.073 JMAA's covered payroll 5,997,556 5.666.043 5,041,981 \$ 5,847,146 5,012,711 5.171.416 JMAA's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 270.12% 260.46% 259.13% 279.22% 247.43% 198.64% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 61.59% 61.49% 57.47% 67.21% 62.54% 61.70%

* - GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, information is not available to present a full ten years. The Authority has presented information for the years available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

The notes to schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability and pension contributions are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of Pension Contributions Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi Last 10 Fiscal Years - *

	Year Ended September 30,						
		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$	940,564	940,985	934,804	803,042	787,462	823,210
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		940,564	940,985	934,804	803,042	787,462	823,210
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$:			
JMAA's covered payroll	\$	5,810,843	5,974,215	5,935,263	5,098,679	4,999,759	5,226,730
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		<u>16.19%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>	<u>15.75%</u>

* - GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, information is not available to present a full ten years. The Authority has presented information for the years available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the the Authority's September 30 year-end date of the fiscal year presented.

The notes to schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability and pension contributions are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Pension Contributions September 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) Changes of Assumptions

2019:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.
 - For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2018:

• None.

(2) <u>Changes in Benefit Provisions</u>

2019:

• None.

2018:

• None.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2019

Federal Grantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
Grantor / riogram of Cluster Title	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation:		
Direct programs -		
Federal Aviation Administration -		
Airport Improvement Program:		
3-28-0037-049-2014	20.106	\$ 1,009,493
3-28-0037-051-2016	20.106	6,581,917
3-28-0037-053-2018	20.106	503,981
3-28-0038-018-2018	20.106	279,332
3-28-0037-054-2019	20.106	59,599
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		8,434,322
Total expenditures of Federal awards		\$ 8,434,322

The accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of Federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards September 30, 2019

(1) **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority (the Authority) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Authority.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Authority has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. No indirect costs have been charged to the Authority's Federal programs.

(4) <u>Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

A reconciliation of the total Federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position follows:

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards September 30, 2019

(4) <u>Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Financial</u> <u>Statements (Continued)</u>

Description	<u>Amount</u>
Total expenditures of Federal awards Prior year reimbursements refunded on Federal award	\$ 8,434,322
#3-28-0037-052-2017 cancelled in 2019 Prior year expenditures allowed on Federal award	(12,637)
#3-28-0038-017-2017 in 2019 State of Mississippi grants	114,078 <u>61,206</u>
Total governmental grant contributions	\$ 8,596,969

Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges - Cash Basis

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	PFC Application 99-03-C- 00-JAN	PFC Application 03-04-C- 00-JAN	PFC Application 07-05-C- 00-JAN	PFC Application 14-06-C- 00-JAN	PFC Application 18-07-C- 00-JAN	Total
Balance at September 30, 2018						\$ 15,298,768
Receipts: Passenger facility charges collected Interest income						2,405,471 249,690
Total receipts - cash basis						2,655,161
Expenditures:						
Terminal renovations - debt service	\$ 114,062	-	-	-	÷	114,062
Rehabilitate International Drive - debt service	-	104,944			_	104,944
Access Control Security Project	-	- 104,944	3,479,859	-		3,479,859
Master Plan Updates	-	-	245,720		-	245,720
Rehab 16R/34L Construction	-	-	,	1	350,851	350,851
Rehab Upper Roadway Pavement - Design	-	-	-	-	18,588	18,588
Terminal Renovations - Phase 2					1,011,147	1,011,147
Total expenditures	114,062	104,944	3,725,579	÷	1,380,586	5,325,171
Prior expenditures	5,998,812	2,588,314	15,125,715	1,662,503		
Cumulative expenditures	\$ 6,112,874	2,693,258	18,851,294	1,662,503	1,380,586	

Balance at September 30, 2019

\$ 12,628,758

JACKSON MUNICIPAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY Historical Schedule of Selected Financial Data

As of and For the Years Ended September 30,

		(in thousands)									
		_2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Current assets, unrestricted	\$	20,398	16,609	16,271	18,727	17,157	14,274	13,653	16,270	16,611	16,333
Restricted assets		30,822	31,521	34,829	32,968	30,145	32,360	30,047	34,344	32,567	32,454
Property, plant & equipment		123,915	117,320	113,154	109,837	116,930	118,016	118,700	108,093	112,145	105,401
Other		-		14	54	64	275	304	946	1,048	1,144
Deferred outflows of resources		1,373	2,044	2,371	2,702	2,216	808	218		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		176,508	167,494	166,639	164,288	166,512	165,733	162,922	159,653	162,371	155,332
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Current liabilities		9,738	7,651	5,480	3,714	3,539	4,393	4,474	5,174	4,917	4,764
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		28,065	29,935	33,469	35,046	36,803	37,905	39,302	40,189	41,556	42,862
Net unfunded pension liability		15,794	15,621	14,683	13,997	12,475	10,273				1.1
Deferred inflows of resources		1,946	1,183	1,328	1,188	1,435	1,697	202	-	•	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		_55,543	54,390	54,960	53,945	54,252	54,268	43,978	45,363	46,473	47,626
Net Position	\$	120,965	113,104	111,679	110,343	112,260	111,465	118,944	114,290	115,898	107,706
Revenues and Expenses											
Operating revenues Operating expenses, before depreciation and	\$	18,509	16,994	16,834	17,304	16,929	17,755	17,635	17,071	16,288	16,096
unfunded portion of pension expense		15,099	15,269	15,221	13,365	12,350	14,113	13,207	13,314	12,463	13,103
Operating income, before depreciation and											
unfunded portion of pension expense		3,410	1,725	1,613	3,939	4,579	3,642	4,428	3,757	3,825	2,993
Depreciation		7,596	8,291	8,552	8,592	9,139	8,867	8,456	8,407	8,730	8,398
Unfunded portion of pension expense		1,030	1,021	1,141	769	344	(53)				
Operating loss		(5,216)	(7,587)	(8,080)	(5,422)	(4,904)	(5,172)	(4,028)	(4,650)	(4,905)	(5,405)
Passenger facility charges (restricted)		2,509	2,154	1,960	2,024	2,086	2,264	2,433	2,801	2,702	2,681
Customer facility charges (restricted)		2,239	2,029	2,096	2,245	2,192	2,311	2,184	1,717	1,733	1,558
Interest expense		(863)	(972)	(1,201)	(1,266)	(1,790)	(1,825)	(1,893)	(2,042)	(2,107)	(2,171)
Other		596	(752)	222	258	(37)	411	566	(449)	363	2,635
Loss before capital grant contributions	\$	(735)	(5,128)	(5,003)	(2,161)	(2,453)	(2,011)	(738)	_(2,623)	(2,214)	(702)
OTHER	•	14 540	10 601	11.0/0	1 650	0.000	0.100	10.005	6 410	10.000	5 000
Property, plant & equipment additions	\$	14,540	13,521	11,869	1,570	8,229	8,182	19,097	5,412	15,474	5,023
Federal and state capital grants		(7,006)	(6,553)	(6,341)	(245)	(3,247)	(5,714)	(6,144)	(1,014)	(10,407)	(3,464)
Passenger facility charge reimbursements		(4,860)	(4,545)	<u>(91</u>)	<u>(1,573)</u>	(3,283)	(716)	(5,715)	(1,602)	(2,501)	(601)
Net construction costs	\$	2,674	2,423	5,437	(248)	1,699	1,752	7,238	2,796	2,566	958

Note: Years prior to 2013 have not been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB Statement No. 65. Note: Years prior to 2014 have not been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68.

Schedule of Budgeted vs. Actual Revenues and Expenses

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Final		
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Operating revenues:			
Aviation	\$ 6,687,720	6,895,990	208,270
Non-aviation	8,505,577	8,693,608	188,031
Concessions	2,507,804	2,674,464	166,660
Services	230,169	245,190	15,021
Total operating revenues	17,931,270	18,509,252	577,982
Operating expenses:			
Board expenses	143,000	155,888	12,888
Building expenses	1,691,904	1,614,781	(77,123)
Employee expenses	8,646,114	8,459,659	(186,455)
Equipment expenses	317,782	287,315	(30,467)
Miscellaneous expenses		2,600	2,600
Services	3,625,070	4,012,031	386,961
Supplies	664,151	566,427	(97,724)
Total operating expenses, before depreciation			
and unfunded portion of pension expense	15,088,021	15,098,701	10,680
Operating income, before depreciation			
and unfunded portion of pension expense	2,843,249	3,410,551	567,302
Depreciation expense	7,576,656	7,596,685	20,029
Unfunded portion of pension expense		1,029,702	1,029,702
Total operating expenses	22,664,677	23,725,088	1,060,411
Operating loss	(4,733,407)	_(5,215,836)	(482,429)
Non-operating income (expense):			
Passenger facility charges, restricted	2,052,361	2,509,246	456,885
Customer facility charges, restricted	2,141,573	2,238,537	96,964
Interest expense	(884,837)	(863,173)	21,664
Loss on disposal of assets	(=)	(174,598)	(174,598)
Interest income	555,000	548,384	(6,616)
Asset seizures		1,032	1,032
Other	219,000	221,176	2,176
Net non-operating income (expense)	4,083,097	4,480,604	397,507
Loss before capital grant contributions	(650,310)	(735,232)	(84,922)
Capital governmental grant contributions	5,050,000	8,596,969	3,546,969
Change in net position	\$ 4,399,690	7,861,737	3,462,047

BREAZEALE, SAUNDERS & O'NEIL, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

<u>Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u> <u>and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit of Financial</u> <u>Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards</u>

The Board of Commissioners Jackson Municipal Airport Authority:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies

in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Breancale, Saunders & Oriel, COD.

Jackson, Mississippi April 28, 2020

BREAZEALE, SAUNDERS & O'NEIL, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and The Passenger Facility Charge Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance and The Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies

The Board of Commissioners Jackson Municipal Airport Authority:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide For Public Agencies (the Guide) that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's major federal programs and its passenger facility charge program for the year ended September 30, 2019. Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs and its passenger facility charge program.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's major federal programs and its passenger facility charge program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the Guide. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and the passenger facility charge program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jackson Municipal Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and its passenger facility charge program for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and the passenger facility charge program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and the passenger facility charge program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Jackson Municipal Airport Authority Page three

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Breageale, Saunders & D'wiel, LAD.

Jackson, Mississippi April 28, 2020

JACKSON MUNICIPAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs September 30, 2019

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

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•	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
٠	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	• Material weaknesses identified?	No
	• Significant deficiencies identified?	No
٠	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Feder	al Awards	
٠	Internal control over major programs:	
	• Material weaknesses identified?	No
	• Significant deficiencies identified?	No
٠	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
٠	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	No
٠	Major Program:	
	 20.106 – Airport Improvement Program. 	
٠	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
•	Auditee qualified as a low-risk?	Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs September 30, 2019

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.